

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII.

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1884.

NO. 136.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY DRY GOODS!

CROW'S,

FOURTH AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.



HEADQUARTERS FOR
Bonnet's, Guinet's and Ponson's Celebrated Black Silks.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Ponson's and Johannes Picot's Black Cloaking and Trimming Velvets.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
BLACK AND COLORED PLUSHES.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Colored Silk Velvets & Velveteens.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lupin's Celebrated Black Dress Goods.
AN IMMENSE VARIETY, IN ALL THE NOVELTIES.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

The Celebrated Black Crow Cashmeres and Merinos.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Colored British and French Dress Goods.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Colored Cashmere, Billiard and Ottoman Cloths.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Vienna Broche Long Shawls, Vienna Broche Square Shawls.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

French Camel's Hair and India Shawls, English Velvet and Beaver Shawls.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Black Drap d'Ete and Cashmere Shawls, Black Merino and Cloth Shawls.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

All-Wool Western Blankets,
White, Blue, Scarlet and Gray.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

ALL-WOOL WESTERN FLANNELS,
White, Blue, Scarlet and Gray.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Real Lace Nottingham and Swiss Curtains, Emb'd Cloth, Piano, Table and Stand Covers
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Gents', Youths' & Boys' Furnishings, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Furnishings
HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lace Embroidered and Printed Linen Handkerchiefs, Crepe, Silk and Cashmere Mufflers.
HEADQUARTERS FOR

All Kinds of Useful Presents, All Kinds of Durable Presents, All Kinds of Appreciative Presents.

Our French Christmas Cards Have Arrived and are Gems of Art
CROW'S
FOURTH ST. AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.

SANTA CLAUS Emptied His Horn of Plenty Into

LEUBRIES

Before you buy your Holiday Presents call on us.
If you want to Delight your Children bring them to us,
And if You want to Save Money on Everything You Buy be Sure
to Visit Our Store.

Child's Cloaks at \$1.50; a good article
Lady's Novelty Cloaks at \$2.50; a good article
A Fine Silk Plush Sacque at \$2.50; a good article
A Mohair Plush Sacque at \$1.50; a good article
An Imported Jersey Jacket, entirely new, just received from Europe, at \$9.75 and \$10.75; sold in New York at \$14 and \$15.

A Misses' Full Regular Hose, the best article ever shown in the city at 20c.

A complete line of Silks lower than the lowest.
Handkerchiefs in Linen and Silk. Mufflers, and everything in our large establishment suitable for Holiday Presents, sold at popular prices.

Ladies' Suits, Cashmere, Flannel and Calico Wrappers. Children's Suits, everything, can be found, and at 25 per cent less than other houses, who have twice the expense, and consequently charge double the profit we do.

Dolls and all kinds of Toys, Bric-a-Brac, Albums, Toilet Sets, everything, you will find at Leubries' that is useful and ornamental.

SOUVENIRS TO ALL VISITORS

SANTA CLAUS AT HOME AT
LEUBRIES,
615, 617, 619 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

Home Comfort Ranges!

It was long ago said, "Let us make the songs of a nation, and we care not who makes its laws." We say in these modern times, "Let us make the cooks of a nation, and we care not who makes its laws." In the same spirit, we teach our youth to make their own food, and we must furnish such improved cooking apparatus as will give the advantage of economizing time and saving labor. It is of the utmost importance that the article on which our daily food is cooked should be the very best article in the house, as health depends largely upon the food we eat, and more so on how it is cooked.

Years of experience and practical tests have demonstrated the superiority of wrought-iron Ranges over all other kinds of ranges or cooking stoves, on account of their greater durability, larger heating capacity, economy in fuel, and, certainly, of their great economy in use of fuel. All these points the "Home Comfort" Ranges stand unrivaled, and the unprecedented demand for them from all parts of the country testifies stronger than words to their great popularity; and the universal testimony of thousands of families, hotels, restaurants, public and private institutions now using the "Home Comfort" is, that they are not only unsurpassed, but unequaled by any other cooking apparatus upon the market. The improved malleable iron water-heaters used by us are of capacity sufficient to furnish abundance of hot water, and, with our hotel sizes, to, at the same time, operate a steam table connected with the Range, thus cooking all kinds of vegetables, soups, puddings, etc., thoroughly and without danger of burning, by the same fire which heats the ovens, thus doubling its capacity without increasing the amount of fuel used.

WROUGHT-IRON RANGE COMPANY,

1901 WASHINGTON AVENUE.

Simmons Hardware Co., Retail Agents for St. Louis

Opera Glasses

The Largest Stock in America.
Best quality.

Pearl Opera Glasses, \$7.50 UP.
FINE MOROCCO, \$2.00 UP.

WE DEFY COMPETITION.

Celebrated Solid Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses, \$5.00.
ALOE'S EYE GLASSES

Magic Lanterns, Fancy Thermometers, Barometers, etc., for Holiday Presents, at ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO., OPTICIANS, FOURTH AND OLIVE STREETS.

Every Article Guaranteed.

CHAS. DAUERNHEIM,

JOBBER AND RETAILER IN

WALL PAPER!

WINDOW SHADES!

WEATHER STRIPS, ETC.

214 NORTH BROADWAY.

IT IS ACKNOWLEDGED

That we have the Largest Stock and the Greatest Assortment of all kinds of

HANDKERCHIEFS!

AND OUR PRICES

ARE LOWER THAN OTHER HOUSES

550 dozen Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, 5c.
395 dozen Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, 7 1/2c.
500 dozen Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, 10c; worth, 20c.
275 dozen Sheer All-Linen Handkerchiefs, 15c.

These can not be bought in any other house for less than 25c.

75 dozen Sheer All-Linen, wide Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, 20c; regular price 30c.

This Handkerchief is confined exclusively to our house.

Our Assortment of Embroidered Handkerchiefs is the finest in the city. Our prices are 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 55c, 75c, 85c, 90c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, and all prices up to \$22 apiece.

Real Duchesse Flounces and Laces,

Real Duchesse Hdks. Real Duchesse Scarfs,

Real Valenciennes Laces and Scarfs, Hdks, etc.

Oriental and Egyptian Laces very Cheap.

GREAT REDUCTIONS

In the Prices of Children's Plush and Woolen Coats, Hats, Caps, Aprons and Dresses.

OUR WORSTED DEPARTMENT

Is full of Novelties in Plush and Linen Table and Mantle Scarfs, Fancy Plush Mats, Tidies, Cushions.

These will be offered at a large reduction.

Dress Trimmings!

The Latest Novelties from Paris and Berlin. Silver and Gold Braids in all widths.

Mufflers & Silk Handkerchiefs

Our stock in these goods is very large.

New Fans, New Fancy Goods, New Jewelry.

JUST RECEIVED FROM EUROPE through our Paris Commissionaire, 250 dozen Sheer Linen Lawn Initial Handkerchiefs, which we will sell at the Marvelous Low price of 35c; these would be cheap at 65c.

Cunningham & Schmitt,

505 North Fourth Street.

Miss Nolan's Dressmaking Dep't Up-Stairs.

WINTER RESORTS.

HAMILTON HOTEL, BERMUDA.

Most delightfully located, commanding an extensive view of the harbor and surrounding island. The winter rates are high; new dining-room, parlor, 40x60 is newly furnished; has amateur and electric bell system. Open for the season November 15, 1884. Climate perfect; cuisine unexceptionable; service excellent. The proprietors are offering the unequalled advantages afforded to all seeking to avoid the rigors of a Northern winter. Terms reasonable and regulating clocks during one month, as per contract, \$25.

OFF FOR THE EXPOSITION.

Chef Clerk Coffin of the Interior Department's display at the New Orleans Exposition, leaves in a day or two for New Orleans to supervise the work of putting the finishing touches to the display, which has gone on before. He will be followed in a few days by most of the Cabinet members, who are to spend a week or two there.

An elegant house, the residence of a wealthy citizen of New Orleans, has been leased to the term of the Exposition, and will be used to entertain Cabinet officers and other Government officials who will there.

He is pretty well settled that the President will not go to the opening ceremonies, and probably will not visit the Exposition until after the expiration of his term of office, if at all.

THE TAIL-TWISTER'S LAST.

"Richelle" Robinson of the Brooklyn District, the celebrated "tail-twister," who never omits an opportunity to give a shot to royalty or anything in that line, is at the front again. This time he offers a resolution to simplify the inauguration ceremonies. The resolution prohibits the erection of triumphal arches and the display of bayonets on inauguration day, and provides that the Chief Justice shall call upon the President and accompany him, either in a foot carriage or in a plain carriage without horses, two hours in advance, to the Capitol, where he shall take the oath of office. This is "Richelle's" expiring effort. He steps down and out at the expiration of this term of Congress, to the gratification of all who have any particular respect for the State of New York or humanity in general.

He has played the clown and made himself and his country the laughing stock of the world quite long enough. He is not a bad intemperate old man, but is one who can make this country ridiculous in the eyes of an intelligent world with extreme ease. He has been about Washington for half a century, having been here as newspaper correspondent long, long ago. His bent figure, his white hair, his wrinkled face, are familiar to everybody about the Capitol, and are among the first to attract the attention of visitors in the gallery, while his incendiary and ridiculous resolutions and bills and speeches which so astound the outside world where he is not known personally, pass for nothing more than the remark of the moment here where he is known.

What a Quarrel Over an Unpaid Debt.

Early Saturday night William Stepto and Harry James, negroes, came together on Compton, near Chestnut avenue, and soon commenced quarreling over money owed James. A warm discussion, one side shouting and the other swearing, ensued.

At the close of the discussion Stepto turned to walk away, Stepto following in a threatening manner. At the alley running from Compton to McKinzie avenue, James turned, and perceiving that Stepto was getting near him, and fearing that he would be beaten, James took a pistol and pointed it at Stepto's right breast. He had the weapon pointed for the second shot when a bystander grabbed the arm and directed the charge into the ground. James was arrested.

Dr. H. NEWLAND, 120 Chestnut av.

DR. PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS,

BEST DRY HOP YEAST.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

PREPARED BY THE

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

MAKERS OF

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

—

DR. PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS,

BEST DRY HOP YEAST.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

JOHN MAQUIRE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

NO. 10 WALNUT ST. BET. 2ND AND 3RD.

VIGOR

GENERAL BUILDING, 101 PINE ST. BET. 2ND AND 3RD.

LEGISLATIVE LARKS.

A Pointer on Investigating Committee Expense Accounts.

The Cabinet to Visit the New Orleans Exposition—Probabilities That the President Will Not Go—The Government Display—Robinson, the Clownish Member, and His Absurd Resolutions.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

Washington, December 8.—The Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds is preparing for a last struggle with the House on public building bills. More than a hundred were presented at the session, and of the whole number only one became a law. Of the other "ninety-and-nine" the committee hopes to get favorable action on a large proportion. They have had a list prepared and will distribute it to members of the committee in a few days, and to other members of the House, showing the various bills as reported, and accompanying it with some figures showing the need for them, the present sum paid for rent, etc. The amount asked for in the bills offered in the House alone amounts to some twenty-five millions of dollars. Of course, only a small proportion of the number is likely to get through, for your average member has not so strong an interest as to push his measure as he had before the election.

It was remarked in this correspondence a day or two since that Congress cost \$4,000,000 a year. The detailed report of the Secretary of the Senate, just given to the public, shows some curious items of expenditures, indicating some of the reasons for so large a total. Take the cost of the Danville investigation of last session, for instance. The Senate Committee did not think it policy, for some reason, to go there to take the testimony, but instead of doing so sent for the witnesses to come here. Their mileage must be paid, and two days were spent each way, making the amount \$100 per witness, or about forty dollars a day.

There are also some instructive items in the "expenses account" of a committee of "protection to men, fish and fisheries," which made

an excursion to the coast after the end of the session, accompanied by clerks and stenographer, and deputy sergeant-at-arms, whose duty seems to have been to disburse the money. Here are some of the items which made this delightful little trip to the watering place cost \$2,500. Cab hire at starting \$2.25. This is the first item. The second is "refreshments for journey \$6.11," and this for the refreshments necessary for a trip from Washington to Cape May, about five hours' ride, or \$15 per hour for a party of a half dozen. Curiously enough, the railroad fare for trip was but \$8, or a little more than half what the "refreshments" cost. The smokes of the rail road were \$1.50, with milk, tea, coffee, etc., deposited another \$1.50, and carriage and porters at Cape May. Then there was another item of \$5 for smokers and porters at Cape May, and another of \$179 for the hotel bill. "Refreshments" in New York seem to have been quite inexpensive, as they are put down at fifteen cents, while the same item in Boston is \$1. There is another item further on for further refreshments, amounting to \$16.

LATEST EDITION.

GRANTS GRIT.

The Pension Bill Withdrawn by the Old Warrior's Request.

A Demand Made to Secure the Government Loan to the New Orleans Exposition—Secret Meeting of the Tariff Reformers—New Bills—Both Houses Hard at Work.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Senator Morgan of Alabama, who is a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, has been interviewed concerning the Nicaragua treaty. He does not believe that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty will be any barrier to the early ratification of the new pact, which is now agreed upon between Senator Gratz and himself with regard to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and he says the arguments of the Secretary in his correspondence with Lord Granville are unanswerable. Senator Morgan holds that, in the first place, the two countries have agreed to meet certain conditions that have come to pass, and, in the second place, that England has violated the principles whenever she has disposed herself in the acquirement of the Mosquito coast territory. In addition to these considerations he maintains that the time is ripe for the United States to come to a truce way by water between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. As far back as 1857 Senator Morgan has been a champion of the view that no Government should construct any canal or passage for ships across the Isthmus, separating the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and that it should be left to the United States Government. This was not adopted, and several years later he renewed it, but it did not then pass the Senate. He says the arguments of the Secretary are unanswerable, and the construction of the canal contemplated by it would give this government every advantage in position, and that it could not be otherwise operated. He believes that the construction of the Nicaragua Canal may be a preventive of war with European powers. He says the contemplated Nicaragua route is possessed of certain natural advantages, and that it can be made to connect New York and San Francisco. It would be 1,000 miles shorter than the Le Desseps. He says a United States naval station would be maintained near the canal, and that we could promptly reach either the Atlantic or the Pacific Oceans, and that this demonstration of our national ability to protect ourselves would tend to a tendency to prevent encroachments by other powers. He regards the interests of the United States as being of the same importance as those of another nation, and that he does not anticipate any opposition to the treaty. He maintains that the construction of the Panama Canal renders it doubly imperative that the United States should have the opportunity to obtain a passage way, and jointly with Nicaragua, control the canal when it shall have been built.

St. Louis at the Capital.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 8.—Missouri is pretty well represented at the Capital to-day. Col. Frazer, John G. Priest, Judge Lindsey, Hon. Matt Reynolds, Col. Gen. Hatch of St. Louis, and brother of Col. Gen. Hatch, are members of the Missouri delegation. Calhoun is urging the claims of Reynolds for Bliss place as District Attorney. He says he is confident that Reynolds will be successful. There are also two or three apocryphal resignations from the position of Internal Revenue Collector Dan Stewart, of Hatch's district. It is supposed that these were caused by the hope of exercising some influence in regard to the distribution of Cabinet places. Missouri Representatives were engaged in having a bill of land in the Indian Territory reported, trying to head off the proposed investigation of the leases.

Going to New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 8.—Secretary Teller and Postmaster-General Haton left this morning with their families in a special car, by the Atlantic Coast Line for New Orleans to attend the World's Exposition. They will stop a few days in Florida, but will reach New Orleans in time for the opening of the Exposition.

The payments so far this month on account of pension bills were \$1,000,000. The issue of silver dollars for the week ended December 6 was \$200,000, and for the corresponding period last year \$241,493.

Lively Fight Promised.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 8.—Colonel Reynolds of St. Louis is here making a fight for the District Attorneyship. He is understood, will be here soon to present his own claims for reappointment. It is expected that the fight over the place will be pretty spirited, as it is one of the best Government berths in the country.

Mr. H. J. Thomas of Petersburg, Mo., will be sent to the Senate to-day as Register of Land Office at Yalima, Washington Territory. Mr. Thomas gets this place through the kind offices of Congressman Dockery, who was his successful rival for the seat in the present Congress.

Bland is still detained at home by the serious illness of his child.

F. A. McCormick of Platt County is here on a pleasure trip.

XVIII CONGRESS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 8.—The chair laid before the Senate a letter from the Postmaster-General, recommending a larger clerical force at the Post Office. When the Chair laid before the Senate the Naval Appropriation bill recently passed by the House, Senator Hale explained that it was a mere renewal for the coming half year of the appropriation bill at the last session, based on the appropriation of the year before. He thought the Senate should take up and refer to the new conference committee the regular appropriation bill which was the subject of conference at the close of the last session, especially as that bill contained important provisions relating to new ships. Senator Mitchell read a letter from General Grant relating to the bill recently introduced to give him a pension. Gen. Grant expresses the hope that the bill will be withdrawn, as under no circumstances could he accept a pension even if the bill passed both houses and received the approval of the President. Senator Mitchell stated that he had introduced a bill for the pension of the chairman of the Committee on Pensions, and the President had recommended a pension for Gen. Grant. He (Mitchell) had always felt that Gen. Grant ought to be placed where he was when, to accept the Presidency, he laid down the great office he had won in the war. In deference to General Grant's wishes, Senator Mitchell withdrew his bill.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 8.—Mr. Kefler of the Committee on Appropriations reported the military academy appropriation bill. Referred to committee of the whole. The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Postmaster-General asking an appropriation of \$100,000 for the railroad postal car service for the remainder of the current fiscal year.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Townsend—Proposing a constitutional amendment providing that debts shall be made by and with the consent of the House, etc. to be introduced in the Senate.

By Mr. Moulton—To amend the act making a loan of \$1,000,000 to the United States, and in case such bond is not forthcoming before the opening of the Exposition, to appropriate the same for the payment of expenses of the exposition, and to provide for the liquidation of bonds offered Ellen Terrell for payment of admission to her exhibition, and for the liquidation of said loan.

John Schenckhardt and Frederick Hoffman were badly injured Saturday morning in Reinholt's restaurant, while driving home with her brother, John. Hoffman was hit in the back by a stone. The horse ran away on the rock road, near the bluffs, and was thrown from the buggy with much force, hitting her shoulder blade. Her brother escaped unharmed.

Nicholas Baum was tried before Justice Quisen on a charge preferred by George Wager, and bound over in the sum of \$100 to keep the peace for three months. George Killian who was tried for the same offense on complaint of the same party was condemned to affix a fine of \$100.

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JOSEPH PULITZER, President

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One year, postage paid.....	\$9.00
Six months.....	4.50
Three months.....	2.25
One month.....	.85
One month (delivered by carrier).....	.65
By the week (delivered by carrier).....	1.15
Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.	

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid.....	\$1.00
Six months, postage paid.....	.60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

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WHEN asked to state the cause of BLAINE's defeat, BOB INGERSOLL made this comprehensive reply: "Personal hatreds in the party, cold water, the Delmonico dinner, BURCHARD's remark and BLAINE's reply, too much church and last, but not least, not quite enough vote."

The reciprocity idea between the United States, with no exports, and our small ball-and-bean neighbors, with no imports, was probably suggested by the matrimonial experience of the young man who said that, as he had nothing and the girl had nothing, they thought it would be a good plan to unite their fortunes.

The New York Tribune's latest corrected table of the popular vote gives CLEVELAND a plurality of 70,945. Yet the Chicago Tribune and Cincinnati Commercial Gazette are still claiming a plurality for BLAINE. The editors of those papers seem to have been made as crazy as GUITTEAU was disappointed expectations.

OUB portraits of the principal characters in the Loewenstein divorce case in our issue of Saturday were taken from sketches made after the opening of court Saturday morning. The drawings were made after ten o'clock and the plates were in the form before noon. There is no connection between the art department of the Post-DISPATCH and that of any other paper.

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THE Government officials who flourished as Deputy Marshals at Cincinnati have gotten themselves into a bad box. If BLAINE had been elected they would have nothing more to fear than an investigation, an adverse report from a majority of the committee and a defense from the minority, to be followed by retention in office and further rewards for their zeal. Now they will take their chances between dismissal or the penitentiary. It is simply the difference between Republican rule and Democratic rule.

In sacrificing Lieutenant DUFFY of the East St. Louis police to the vengeance of the law, the authorities have ruined one of the most promising of our future public men. There is a brilliancy, an originality, a genius in the idea of combining the two functions of policeman and safe-blower which mark Mr. DUFFY as one of the great minds of the century. To an intellect so acute, so piercing, so enterprising, no ambition was impossible, no destiny too lofty. Had the stern severity of the law not interfered to blight the brightness of his promise, it would be easy to think of Mr. DUFFY as a magnetic statesman, as a campaign manager, as the idol of a party of great moral ideas. He was naturally destined for some such position, but the unkind fate has interfered; at the very outset of his career he is tripped up and vanquished in a dungeon. A man so capable

should have succeeded better, and in happier times and under more favorable auspices, as such as until quite recently prevailed in Washington he would undoubtedly have risen. Our only consolation is that his loss is the public gain.

THE SPANISH TREATY.

The text of the new Spanish treaty will be found among our special telegrams to-day, and our readers can judge for themselves how much there is in the objections that were urged against it from the outline of its provisions recently published.

One of the objections was that the provisions favoring cargoes under the Spanish and American flags would not secure us any larger share of the carrying trade between our own and Cuban ports, as the liberal navigation laws of England and Spain would enable British ship owners to transform their vessels into Spanish ships by merely employing Spanish flag captains.

Another objection was that it was stipulation in the treaty itself could secure us any favor which other nations could not claim and share equally under the "most favored nation" clauses of their treaties with Spain. So it was said that the advantages apparently offered to us by the treaty were more imaginary than real. On the other hand, it was urged as a fatal objection that the treaty leaves Spain free to impose export taxes to the full amount of the import duties taken off by us from the products of Cuba and Porto Rico.

If open to these objections the treaty would simply transfer a revenue of more than thirty millions per annum from our National Treasury to the Treasury of Spain, without materially extending our trade or benefiting our shipping interests, and without benefiting either Cuban producers or the American consumers of Cuban products.

The Hawaiian treaty simply took three millions of revenue from the public treasury and gave it annually to the Claus Spreckels monopoly, and at the same time increased the cost of sugar to the Pacific coast consumers without benefiting the Sandwich Islanders, as the monopoly imported coolie labor to produce the sugar. It is said that a rich syndicate has been purchasing Mexican sugar lands with a view of establishing another Claus Spreckels monopoly under the proposed Mexican reciprocity treaty, and that this Spanish reciprocity treaty is only part of a scheme promising free trade in spots, but really designed to promote monopolies, which, after they have broken down our own sugar producers, will have consumers at their mercy.

By studying the instrument itself with reference to these objections, business men can form their own opinions and intelligently follow the ensuing discussion of this important subject.

ANY citizen who wishes to post himself on the merits of the controversy over street paving material in St. Louis would do well to begin by inspecting the alleged Nicholson pavement on Fourth street, between Locust and Washington avenue; a cross section of its ridges and terraces recalls the pictures of the cliff dwellings of the Moqui Indians in Arizona. Then it would be well to study the granite question on South Seventh street. Here the workmen are engaged in digging up the granite and see if it has grown any since. Chouteau avenue affords a fine study of macadam effects. By diligent boring traces of last year's macadam can be found at varying depths nearly all along the avenue. The asportment of our pavements closes with the Pine street asphalt race-track, where chariot races of the cool haulers and lumber dealers attest the care with which our street interests are guarded.

There is something new to grand opera here, and out of the results comes a boxcar filled with gold and silver by several bands. There is a handbell and rustling in the formation of a tableau; for they are aware that they are on view to nearly the whole house, and they enter into animated conversation, entirely confident that they are more interesting than the proceedings on the stage, as the house lights are being tempestuously a fan vent. At this juncture the stalwart German father of a present family stands up in the midst of his annoyed following, faces the box-car, and says: "Stop—stop—stop—oh!" The fashionables are as completely extinguished as though a bomb of carbonic acid had been smashed among them. These episodes, varying from the spoken reproof of an individual to the hisses of a hundred, are almost nightly occurrences.

O Gemini!

From the New York World.

And now conservative Connecticut, having given its vote for Cleveland, is coming to the front conspicuously as a producer of population. Not content with the ordinary issue of what may be called a second-class mail matter, the physicians throughout that State are proudly publishing that there never has been known a period since the establishment of the republic when there was twice as many children as there are now.

President Cleveland's policy is to shape his views on these and other subjects in his mind and to fit them to the advisers he calls around him.

WOMEN AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

PAULINE LUCCA is singing in concerts exclusively during her present visit to Russia.

MRS. PARSELL intends to write an Irish opera.

MISS OYAMA, the Japanese Minister of War visiting this country, was educated at Vassar College.

THE wife of Gen. OYAMA, the Japanese Minister of War visiting this country, was educated at Vassar College.

MISS COLEMAN is going to call themselves the "best citizens" in opposition against street improvements in St. Louis. These self-titled "best citizens" are often a great detriment to a community. However, this will not be done in Cincinnati.

Delights of December.

From the Buffalo Chronicle Telegraph.

This month comes winter and sleigh rides and pretty girls in fur-trimmed coats and hats in one of the muffs, and Sunday-school oyster stews, and colds in the head, and mumps, and plumberry and lots of things.

The Tricks of the Trade.

From the San Francisco Post.

The humorous market is dull. We quote: Coachmen jokes, prime, at \$2.00 per thousand; ice-cream, \$1.00 per dozen; waiter jokes, \$1.00 per ton; choice plumber jokes in demand at \$1.00 per ton.

ST. LOUIS GIRLS.

From the Philadelphia Call.

It is said that the young ladies of St. Louis are organizing against the custom of kissing the bride after the marriage ceremony. To be obliged to be kissed by one St. Louis man is all that the average girl can stand.

Reciprocal With a Big Bang.

From the Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.

There are twenty-eight people in Italy who do not want to be married. For example, there is a newspaper that many persons in the United States without subscribers. Hence the rush of Italian emigrants.

Out of Politics for the Present.

From the New York Star.

MR. GOULD does not appear to be engaged in sorting Cabinet and Judiciary timber as actively as was thought. He is still active in politics as a worker and the public is actively as a voter.

Mr. COLEMAN is going to call himself the "best citizens" in opposition against street improvements in St. Louis. These self-titled "best citizens" are often a great detriment to a community. However, this will not be done in Cincinnati.

The Coasting Will Not Be Spoiled.

From the Harrisburg Patriot.

It was thought by some Republicans that because of a national Democratic victory it wouldn't snow any more. But it snows now.

Important Discovery in Texas.

From the Montauk Post-Northwest.

If in proportion to size, a man could hold as loud as a baby there would be no telephones needed in this country.

What He Is Thankful For.

Robert J. Burdette.

That new cedar is just beginning to get old enough to make it good, and wicked to drink.

A HORROR IN A CELL.

A Boy Convict Fairly Hacked to Pieces by His Cellular Cell-Mate.

JOLLET, Ill., December 8.—The Northern Penitentiary here, so prolific of horrors, was the scene last night of one of the most thrilling tragedies in its history. John Kelly, a hardened criminal, who is now serving his second term for burglary, butchered his cell-mate, Wm. Gaines, who was but a boy of 17 years. Kelly was leader of the shoeshop gang, and they are aware that they are on view to nearly the whole house, and they enter into animated conversation, entirely confident that they are more interesting than the proceedings on the stage, as the house lights are being tempestuously a fan vent. At this juncture the stalwart German father of a present family stands up in the midst of his annoyed following, faces the box-car, and says: "Stop—stop—stop—oh!" The fashionables are as completely extinguished as though a bomb of carbonic acid had been smashed among them. These episodes, varying from the spoken reproof of an individual to the hisses of a hundred, are almost nightly occurrences.

MISS MARY HELEN FERGUSON of the American Queen has just returned from a visit to Strasburg, Va., and is now said to be preparing a series of sketches of Old Dominion life.

KATE FIELD now lamest that she invested \$10,000 in studying the Mormon problem, and regrets that there should be so little interest in the investment and less interest in her lectures.

MISS FORRESTOR has obtained a verdict of \$10,000 damages against Lord Garnett, and has temporarily retired from the stage. For a bruised heart Garnett is better than St. Jacobs Oil.

A New York dealer in hosiers says that no true lady wears a pair of stockings costing less than \$10. Yet people wonder why marriageable young men are so backward about coming forward.

MISS NELSON finished her engagements in England yesterday, and will presently go to Riviera for the winter. She will return to England in the spring for a season of Italian opera.

MRS. SENATOR VANCE assists her husband in his official work, and in fact does most of his correspondence. She aids the Senator materially in maintaining his reputation as the brightest letter writer in Washington.

Mrs. THOMAS A. HENDRICKS is a lady of culture and refinement, political ability, a true woman and strong ally to the next Vice-President. She has a commanding appearance, her dark eyes are full of fire, and her darker hair is but lightly touched by time.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 8.—THE WORLD says: "What the editors of the New York Journals are saying to-day is that the difficulties leading to and growing out of the action of the hatters at South Norwalk, Conn., is a certainty. They are aware that there have been no unseemly disturbances, and the strikers themselves are the declared conservatives of the public press. The dispatches sent by the Associated Press representing that violence and bloodshed were imminent were wholly untrue, and the call on Governor Walker for troops to put down the strike was a mere scarecrow." The Sun says: "It is expected that the draft of the proposed canal treaty with Nicaragua announced by President Arthur in his message a week ago will be sent to the Senate to-day. The discussion of this important measure, involving, as it probably does, an entirely new line of policy, and a government undertaking of starting magnitude and sensational interest, will not be confined to the railroads by any means. The railroads are to be the chief point of contention, and the question of whether the railroads will be nationalized is to be the chief point of contention." The Times says: "It is expected that the draft of the proposed canal treaty with Nicaragua announced by President Arthur in his message a week ago will be sent to the Senate to-day. The discussion of this important measure, involving, as it probably does, an entirely new line of policy, and a government undertaking of starting magnitude and sensational interest, will not be confined to the railroads by any means. The railroads are to be the chief point of contention, and the question of whether the railroads will be nationalized is to be the chief point of contention." The Tribune says: "It is expected that the draft of the proposed canal treaty with Nicaragua announced by President Arthur in his message a week ago will be sent to the Senate to-day. 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THE Government officials who furnished us the following serious charge against the railroads of Missouri are used to promote corruption. Mr. L. S. Ladd, of St. Louis, is a scoundrel who has got himself into a scrape which the mechanics and business men of St. Louis are not allowed to enter into on terms of equality with other cities. Railroads which were originally built by the money of the people of Missouri, and of St. Louis especially, are being conducted so as to take as much trade as possible away from St. Louis and carry it elsewhere.

This is a case in which an ounce of proof is worth many pounds of assertion.

Illinois Lawlessness.

From the *Philadelphia Inquirer*.

The lawlessness of the popular vote is forcibly illustrated in the Sixth Senatorial District of Illinois. The lawless alteration of the ballot, whereby a Democratic Senator was given a majority instead of the Republican who was rightly chosen, was the original crime which has given rise to a series of lawless acts mistakenly designed for its correction.

First, the Grand Jury of the United States Court, which has as much lawful concern with the election of a State Senator as the Parliament of Great Britain has with its own, voted to rule, to investigate the election, not with any idea of lawful action, but to make a party point in advance of the trial of the legal authorities.

George Hiles, a Democratic lumberman of Milwaukee, won on the election \$15,000—\$1,000 from each of fifteen Republicans.

MR. BLAINE is now asked by the San Francisco Argonaut to accept the California Senatorship.

Levi P. Morton is said by the New York Star to be by long odds the leader in the New York Senatorial race.

WORTH, the French dressmaker, is an English man. That is probably the reason why they call him a Frenchman.

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SENATOR WILSON of Iowa does not own or rent a house or live at a hotel. He boards at a modest boarding-house near the Capitol.

THE trick clown in the Sells Circus is not afraid to say "Whoa, Burchard," to his donkey; but he is a long way from the parson's fighting son.

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should have succeeded better, and in happier times and under more favorable auspices, say such until quite recently prevailed in Washington he would undoubtedly have risen. Our only consolation is that his loss is the public gain.

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The Hawaiian treaty simply took three millions of revenue from the public treasury and gave it annually to the Claus Spreckels monopoly, and at the same time increased the cost of sugar to the Pacific coast consumers without benefiting the sandwich Islanders, as the monopoly imported coolie labor to produce the sugar. It is said that a rich syndicate has been purchasing Mexican sugar lands with a view of establishing another Claus Spreckels monopoly under the proposed Mexican reciprocity treaty, and that this Spanish reciprocity treaty is only part of a scheme promising free trade in spots, but really designed to promote monopolies, which, after all, have broken down our own sugar producers, will have consumers at their mercy.

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ANY citizen who wishes to post himself on the merits of the controversy over street paving material in St. Louis should do well to begin by inspecting the alleged Nicholson pavement on Fourth street, between Locust and Washington avenue; a cross section of its ridge and terraces recalls the pictures of the cliff dwellings of the Moqui Indians in Arizona. Then it would be well to study the granite question on South Seventh street. Here the workmen are engaged in digging up the granite which was planted last spring, presumably to see if it has grown any since then. Chouteau avenue affords a fine study of macadam effects. By diligent baring traces of last year's macadam can be found at varying depths nearly all along the avenue. The assortment of our pavements closes with the Pine street asphalt race track, where chariot races of the cool haulers and lumber dealers attest the care with which our street interests are guarded. It is believed that the assortment of street pavements in St. Louis is unique.

THERE is a tinge of irony in the statement that the recent investigations into the accounts in the Department of Justice will probably result in a substitution of salaries for fees. For sixteen years the machinery of the Department has been abused to do party service; the abuses have been open and notorious; complaint has been made again and again; proof has been offered, reform demanded; but nothing has been done. Any Republican who would admit that there were any abuses was called a "traitor." It was almost a test of patriotism to believe in the honesty and accuracy of the accounts in the Department of Justice. What does the change mean? It means simply that the defenders of old abuses are becoming alarmed. They have good reason to be. Their time is coming. But their sudden access of virtue deceives no one.

THE Globe-Democrat of yesterday makes the following serious charge against the railroads of Missouri:

The railroads of Missouri are used to promote corruption. Mr. Ladd, of St. Louis, is a scoundrel who has got himself into a scrape which the mechanics and business men of St. Louis are not allowed to enter into on terms of equality with other cities. Railroads which were originally built by the money of the people of Missouri, and of St. Louis especially, are being conducted so as to take as much trade as possible away from St. Louis and carry it elsewhere.

This is a case in which an ounce of proof is worth many pounds of assertion.

Illinois Lawlessness.

From the *Philadelphia Inquirer*.

Two years ago Mrs. Alexander Mitchell, of this city, brought from Florida a young negro named Jesus Griffin as a house servant. He remained about four years, and during that time learned to write his name so that it could be deciphered. Not like the climate he returned to the land of alligators and flowers about eighteen months ago. Now his friends have received word from him that he has just been elected Sheriff of his county on the Democratic ticket.

MR. ALEX. MITCHELL'S LAST DARKEY.

Two or three years ago Mrs. Alexander Mitchell of this city, brought from Florida a young negro named Jesus Griffin as a house servant. He remained about four years, and during that time learned to write his name so that it could be deciphered. Not like the climate he returned to the land of alligators and flowers about eighteen months ago. Now his friends have received word from him that he has just been elected Sheriff of his county on the Democratic ticket.

MEN OF MARK.

Mr. GLADSTONE's salary as Premier is \$35,000, and as Chancellor of the Exchequer \$15,000 per annum.

MR. BLAINE is now asked by the San Francisco Argonaut to accept the California Senatorship.

Levi P. Morton is said by the New York Star to be by long odds the leader in the New York Senatorial race.

WORTH, the French dressmaker, is an English man. That is probably the reason why they call him a Frenchman.

GEORGE HILES, a Democratic lumberman of Milwaukee, won on the election \$15,000—\$1,000 from each of fifteen Republicans.

SENATOR WILSON of Iowa does not own or rent a house or live at a hotel. He boards at a modest boarding-house near the Capitol.

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The labor troubles in South Norwalk, Connecticut, are due to the tyrannical Haasen-Trotter Union. The rascals, however, have been forced to yield to the demands of the workers, who have organized a local union and are now on strike.

MR. BURCHARD is in a fair way to get a Second Lieutenantcy in the army in spite of the President's

should have been a tie and the Republican, if he had, the case that is claimed, must have been a tie. That would have been the law's case. But the Governor takes snap judgment and scores the seat for his party candidate advance—not upon the return, nor even upon legal evidence of fraud, but only upon an extra legal allegation. Very likely the end result is equitable, but it is attained in a lawless way that will give excuse for worse lawlessness hereafter.

give the Democrats control of the Senate. If the man so returned did not take his seat the Senate would have been a tie and the Republican, if he had, the case that is claimed, must have been a tie. That would have been the law's case. But the Governor takes snap judgment and scores the seat for his party candidate advance—not upon the return, nor even upon legal evidence of fraud, but only upon an extra legal allegation. Very likely the end result is equitable, but it is attained in a lawless way that will give excuse for worse lawlessness hereafter.

THE GERMAN MISSION.

From the *New York World*.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat makes the following reference to a prominent St. Louisian:

It looks very much as if Mr. Charles Gibson, of this city, would be a candidate for the Berlin Mission.

One of the objections was that the provisions favoring cargoes under the Spanish and American flags would not secure us any larger share of the carrying trade between our own and Cuban ports, as the liberal navigation laws of England and Spain would enable British ship owners to transform their vessels to Spanish ships by merely employing Spanish flag captions.

Another objection was that no stipulation in the treaty itself could secure us any favor which other nations could not claim and share equally under the "most favored nation" clauses of their treaties with Spain. So it was said that the advantages apparently offered to us by the treaty were more imaginary than real. On the other hand, it was urged as a fatal objection that the treaty leaves Spain free to impose export taxes to the full amount of the import duties taken off by us from the products of Cuba and Porto Rico.

If open to these objections the treaty would simply transfer a revenue of more than thirty millions of revenue from the public treasury and give it annually to the Claus Spreckels monopoly, and at the same time increased the cost of sugar to the Pacific coast consumers without benefiting the sandwich Islanders, as the monopoly imported coolie labor to produce the sugar. It is said that a rich syndicate has been purchasing Mexican sugar lands with a view of establishing another Claus Spreckels monopoly under the proposed Mexican reciprocity treaty, and that this Spanish reciprocity treaty is only part of a scheme promising free trade in spots, but really designed to promote monopolies, which, after all, have broken down our own sugar producers, will have consumers at their mercy.

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THE CLEVELAND CABINET.

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Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

The want ads of the Post-Dispatch reach 100,000 readers.

The Croaker is coming. w.s.

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62 K. of F. & A. M., will hold a stated convention at their hall on Tuesday evening, December 5, at 8 o'clock. Work in the Second or Armaural rank of Esquires, and the other ranks of Officers, are invited. Ladies are cordially requested to attend. Visiting Knights courteous are fraternal invited. By order of

M. H. BREW, K. of F. & A. M.

CAROLINE LODGE, No. 262 A. F. & A. M., will hold a stated communication at Masonic Hall, corner of 7th and Market sts., this Monday evening, December 10, at 8 o'clock. Work in the ranks of Officers, and the other ranks of Officers, are invited. Ladies are fraternal invited.

By order of W. E. COSSIGNE, C. G.

MISSOURI ENCLAVE, No. 263 A. F. & A. M., will hold a stated communication at Masonic Hall, corner of 7th and Market sts., this Monday evening, December 10, at 8 o'clock. Work in the ranks of Officers, and the other ranks of Officers, are invited. Ladies are fraternal invited.

By order of A. H. WORMEIDE, Scriba.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers. The want ads of the Post-Dispatch reach 100,000 readers.

WANTED—A young man 18 years old wishes a situation in some store to drive delivery wagon. Address to J. C. Leonard, 103 N. 16th st.

WANTED—Places as collector or bookkeeper, best of W. ref. Ad. E. H. Phares, 235 Walnut st. 186

Clerks and Salesmen.

The want ads of the Post-Dispatch reach 100,000 readers.

WANTED—Position a salesman by a man well acquainted with books and stationery, at moderate salary. Address to J. C. Leonard, 103 N. 16th st.

WANTED—Position by an experienced farm machinery dealer, in Illinois, Missouri or Kansas. Address J. H. Morris, 103 N. 16th st.

WANTED—Places as collector or bookkeeper, best of W. ref. Ad. E. H. Phares, 235 Walnut st. 186

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The want ads of the Post-Dispatch reach 100,000 readers.

WANTED—Situation by a practical painter and grainer, or in out of city. C. S. this office. m38

WANTED—A young man who has a knowledge of all building wants to learn the trade. Ad. B. 202 Morgan st. 188

Cooksmen and Drivers.

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Boys.

The want ads of the Post-Dispatch reach 100,000 readers.

WANTED—Situation by a boy 17 to cars, for house boy, bus boy, waiter, cook, etc. Ad. 121 Doolan st. 188

WANTED—Situation by a boy 17 to office work, some time in office, 10th and Locust. Ad. 121 Doolan st. 188

WANTED—Situation by a boy 17, will do almost anything. Address J. Taaffe, 120 N. 17th st. 188

WANTED—Charles Miller, aged 15, wishes to learn a trade, either carpenter or short way in country. Ad. 123 S. this office. 188

WANTED—Situation by a boy 15, in law's or doctor's office. Ad. Robert Bennett, 2246 Washington st. 188

WANTED—A boy 17 wishes a situation of any kind. Ad. A. Soehnle, 121 Doolan st. 188

WANTED—A boy 17 wishes a situation of any kind. Ad. L. Gardner, 103 N. 16th st. 188

WANTED—A boy 17 wishes a situation in some store or office. Ad. 121 N. 10th st. in rear. 188

WANTED—Boy 16 wishes a situation in some store or office. Henry Scherer, 2235 Chestnut st. 188

WANTED—Boy 16 wishes a situation in some store or office. Ad. 129 S. 6th st. 188

WANTED—A boy 17 years old; references. Ad. 102 N. 16th st. 188

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Thony's Oyster and Chop House,
512 Pine St.
New York select oysters, served in all styles, 25c per dozen.
Little Neck Clams by express daily. Also Baltimore oysters can for family use.



THE Largest Retailers at Pure
Baltimore Milk in the city.
15c per quart.

BOWMAN & CO.,
512 and 527 Morris St.

CITY ITEMS.

Pure extracted honey, delivered, \$1.75 per gallon. R. Grinnell, Honey Producer, Baden, Mo.

Tan in seek a powder that defies detection; but use Pozson's to improve the complexion.

The Cloth of Gold.

The mildest and finest cigar ever imported. A rich inviolate just out of bond. J. I. Mayer & Co., sole importers Cloth of Gold, 500 Olive street, St. Louis.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
512 Olive street. Set of teeth \$3.

Private masters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsmore, 514 Pine street.

Dr. Warriner, 617 St. Charles street, cures disease of indigestion, excesses, indulgences. Call or write.

CITY NEWS.

Charles Wilson fractured his leg yesterday while on a run.

The Bohemian Building and Loan Association elected director Saturday night.

The St. Louis Medical Society elected Saturday night.

Conrad Voder was arrested Saturday, for selling lottery tickets at 115 Spruce street.

Charles Ziegler was arrested Saturday on a charge of having a lot of stolen property in his possession.

An interesting meeting of the Fanny Parnell Branch League, No. 64, was held yesterday afternoon.

William Milford accidentally shot himself yesterday at the corner of Fifth and Pine streets, inflicting a slight wound.

William Godfrey's coal yard caught fire yesterday and \$2,000 damage was sustained before the fire could be extinguished.

John Simpson snatched a ten dollar bill on Seventh and Spruce street last night, and was arrested by an officer who witnessed the act.

At the weekly meeting of the Medical Society Saturday evening resolutions of the society were adopted in honor of the late Dr. E. R. Wright.

In an alteration Saturday evening at the Vandeventer Hotel, Joseph S. Smith, received a dangerous cut over the left ear, the assailant escaping.

John T. Dewey, the St. Louis attorney who was arrested at Denver, Colo., for forging the name of E. W. Smith to a check, was discharged.

A carabine in the rear of 416 Sixth street was raised Saturday night, and the negroes and the proprietor, Alex. Lewis, were arrested.

Patrick Doyle, a street-cleaner, was seriously cut in the face, being hit in the nose and cheek, and was struck by a carriage No. 171, Sunday afternoon.

Maunce H. Ford, the leading actor of the Joe Murphy combination, started out to paint the town red Saturday, and succeeded in landing himself in the Four Courts.

Ferdinand Smith, an old man 75 years of age, residing at 1114 N. Tenth street, was badly whipped by his bright young lover yesterday evening. He refused to prosecute.

Joseph Schlesinger, a saloon keeper of 701 N. Levee, who has been missing sometime, was found yesterday afternoon at the foot of Osage street in a very weak condition, and was taken to the City Hospital.

Thomas Lutsky's saloon, No. 1221 N. Broadway, was broken up by anti-Mormons, and James Lutsky and John James Lutsky, sons of the owner, were arrested.

The Agreements of the Council of Portugal.

A conference of Mormon elders at Sheffield, England, was broken up by anti-Mormons.

Misdeemors of Passionist priests are reported to have been arrested.

France complains because England tries to prevent French vessels from coasting at Hong-Kong.

In the Rogers-Syma trial for murder at Waynesboro, Ga., the jury returned a verdict of acquittal.

W. L. Lawler, racing clerk at Hinsdale, Ill., transferred to Louisville, Ky., a transfer agent.

France is threatened with reprisals if she carries out her contemplated increase or duty on flour and grain.

An entire family by the name of Horan have been poisoned under mysterious circumstances at White-water, Wis.

Ida Lewis, the "Grace Darling" of America, was received into the Methodist Episcopal Church at New Haven, Conn.

Rev. Richard Abercrombie, D. D., of Jersey City, is dead. He was for thirteen years rector of St. Matthew's P. E. Church.

The accusation against the single member feature of the new incorporation bill is growing rapidly throughout England.

C. A. Barrett, who is wanted in Carthage or Pierres, City, Mo., for a criminal charge, has been arrested at Pueblo, Col.

Herrick & Co.'s lumber yard at Denver was partially destroyed by fire and four miles burned. Loss \$30,000; fire insured.

Two Mohawk slave-catching tribes attacked the King of Tuvalu, West Africa, and blew up his house with gunpowder.

Will Moore and John Adams quarreled over a young girl, and Adams' son, a drummer, was fought with shotgun and both killed.

Mrs. James Rhodes, the wife of an oil speculator in Baltimore, has eloped with a handsome young man.

Francis Murphy has started another temperance revival at Potsdam. Twenty-five hundred signatures have already been obtained on the pledge list.

Dick Yancy, the man who had an abortion performed on a woman and then deserted her near Corsicana, Texas, has been arrested. His victim died.

In an interview Mr. Blaine says that his defeat is Conkling's victory; that Conkling is the only man who could have given him New York State, and he won't be beaten.

United Ireland, Dublin, charges that James A. McElroy was an English spy, and that he has incited the recent outrages in Ireland for the sake of advancing his political influence against the Nationalists.

John Deacon, a Negro, was shot November 20, and killed Will Allen Saturday night. It is said Allen knew some damaging evidence in the other case.

Two brothers named Frank and James Fletcher eloped with two sisters named Carrie and Mary Hawkins, of Troy, N. Y. All are well-connected, and the two young girls are out with a shotgun threatening vengeance.

AN EYE-OPENER BEFORE BREAKFAST

And a Sure Cure for Sick Pocket-Books.

Men's heavy overcoat, \$1.25.

Men's good hair-beaver and chinchilla overcoat, \$1.25.

Children's overcoat, 50 cents.

Boys' heavy overcoat, 50 cents, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Boys' suits up to 17 years, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Children's Union chincilla suits 70 cents, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Men's good heavy suits \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$3.00.

Special—For \$1.00 we will give you as fine a corduroy cassimere or beaver overcoat as can be bought in any other St. Louis clothing house for \$2.00.

Cut out this price list, and see if we do not sell as we advertise. Do not be humbugged by showing who rope you in with fictitious advertisements, stay here a few days and then vanish. It is your money is gone and you are home.

GLOWS,

714 and 716 Franklin ave.

A New Trial.

Having thoroughly this morning granted a new trial in Carpenter, Franks Roth against the Anchor Line, on erroneous instructions had been given.

CARD

diseases of either sex, however

and permanently cured.

Advertisement you will find in the World's

news; there is also a Buffalo, N. Y.

GALLAGHER'S SIDE.

The Referee in the Teemer-Gaudaur Race Takes the Witness Stand

He Was Convincd That Teemer's Managers Had Arranged to Lose the Race—A Strong Argument in Support of the Decision.

Mr. Thomas Gallagher, the sporting editor of the Globe-Democrat, who was the referee in the late Gaudaur-Teemer boat race, was asked by a Post-Dispatch reporter if he had read the statement made by Mr. J. A. St. John some days since about the race.

"Yes, I have read it, and I think it exceedingly unfair. Mr. St. John says he doesn't understand why I gave such a decision, in the face of the fact that it is but a few days since I explained the whole case to him."

"What was your explanation?"

"A few days before the race occurred I learned that a business man who is in the place of business and another man who is in the place of business in a dry goods establishment had placed \$1,000 on Roche's side. This a paragraph appeared in the Post-Dispatch saying that Samuel Baldwin, a man who is in the business of running a boat race, had bet \$1,000 on Baldwin & Teemer. I investigated the \$1,000 story, and found out from Samuel himself that he had bet \$1,000 on Baldwin & Teemer, and that he had lost \$1,000 on Gaudaur, but was making a boat, and was so situated that he could lose but little in any event. The night before the race he had \$1,000 in his pocket. I was on several occasions quietly advised that the race was fixed."

"What was your explanation?"

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